



## COURSE INFORMATION FORM

Course Name				Course Code			
Tax Jurisdiction Law					191117027		
Semester	Number of Course Hours per Week		Creadit		ECTS		
Semester	Theory		Practice	Credit		ECTS	
7 <sup>th</sup>	2		0	2		4	
		(	Course Category (Credi	t)			
<b>Basic Sciences</b>	Engineerin Sciences	ıg	Design	General Education		Social Sciences	
						Х	
Course Language			Course Level	Cour		ourse Type	
Turkish	Turkish		Undergraduate		Elective		

Prerequisite(s) if any	-
Objectives of the Course	The aim of this course is to teach students the administrative and judicial ways of resolving tax disputes within a theoretical and practical framework.
Short Course Content	Nature of tax disputes; Administrative remedies; Correction of tax errors; Reconciliation; Invitation to explain; Introduction to judicial law and judicial branches in Turkish Law; Structure, functions and principles of tax jurisdiction; Nature of tax litigation; Parties in tax litigation; Duty and authority; Opening of tax litigation; Trial of tax litigation; Proof and evidence; Ordinary legal remedies; Extraordinary legal remedies.

	Learning Outcomes of the Course	Contributed PO(s)	Teaching Methods *	Measuring Methods **
1	To learn the administrative and judicial ways of resolving tax disputes.	1, 2, 3	1, 8	А
2	To learn the administrative and judicial ways of resolving tax disputes.	1, 3, 6, 8	1, 8	A
3	To be able to understand the relationship and differences between tax jurisdiction and other areas of jurisdiction law.	1, 2, 3	1, 8	A, F
4	To be able to understand and interpret judicial decisions. To be able to classify the relationship between legal remedies	1, 2, 10	1	А
5	To understand the meaning and importance of judicial review.	1, 2, 3	1	A, F
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

<sup>\*</sup>Teaching Methods 1:Expression, 2:Discussion, 3:Experiment, 4:Simulation, 5:Question-Answer, 6:Tutorial, 7:Observation, 8:Case Study, 9:Technical Visit, 10:Trouble/Problem Solving, 11:Induvidual Work, 12:Team/Group Work, 13:Brain Storm, 14:Project Design / Management, 15:Report Preparation and/or Presentation

<sup>\*\*</sup>Measuring Methods A:Exam, B:Quiz, C:Oral Exam, D:Homework, E:Report, F:Article Examination, G:Presentation, I:Experimental Skill, J:Project Observation, K:Class Attendance; L:Jury Exam

Main Textbook	Yüce, Mehmet (2023) Vergi Yargılama Hukuku, Bursa: Ekin Basım
Supporting References	Karakoç, Yusuf (2021). Vergi Yargılaması Hukuku. Ankara: Yetkin Yayıncılık.
Necessary Course Material	-

	Course Schedule
1	The concept and function of judgement
2	Judicial branches in Turkey
3	Main principles of jurisdiction
4	The concept, scope and function of tax judgement
5	Principles of administrative procedure
6	Tax judicial systems
7	Administrative remedies of tax disputes
8	Mid-Term Exam
9	Subject matter of tax judgement
10	Judicial review
11	Subject, scope, parties, competent and authorised court of the tax case
12	Opening and results of tax litigation
13	Remedies against judicial decisions
14	Time limits in tax proceedings
15	Proof and evidence in tax proceedings
16,17	Final Exam

Calculation of Course Workload				
Activities	Number	Time (Hour)	Total Workload (Hour)	
Course Time (number of course hours per week)	14	2	28	
Classroom Studying Time (review, reinforcing, prestudy,)	14	4	56	
Homework	4	8	32	
Quiz Exam				
Studying for Quiz Exam				
Oral exam				
Studying for Oral Exam				
Report (Preparation and presentation time included)				
Project (Preparation and presentation time included)				
Presentation (Preparation time included)				
	1	2	2	
Mid-Term Exam	1	Z	Z	
Studying for Mid-Term Exam				
Final Exam	1	2	2	
Studying for Final Exam				
	,	Total workload Total workload / 30		
	Total			
	Cours	e ECTS Credit	4	

Evaluation			
Activity Type	%		
Mid-term	40		
Quiz	-		
Homework	-		
Bir öğe seçin.			
Bir öğe seçin.			
Final Exam	60		
Total	100		

	RELATIONS HIP BETWEEN THE COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES AND THE PROGRAM OUTCOMES (PO) (5: Very high, 4: High, 3: Middle, 2: Low, 1: Very low)				
NO	PROGRAM OUTCOME				
1	To understand, analyze and comment on legal problems, to be able to discuss these issues, to offer opinions and solutions, to relate these processes to real life.	5			
2	To have judgment skills and abilities in the field of law, open to cooperation with others, able to work in harmony with them, keen on research and examination, and having knowledge at a	5			
3	To have the knowledge to determine the provisions to be applied to legal disputes, to have the ability to analyze, discuss and evaluate the court decisions in the relevant field.	4			
4	To have skills to assimilate and carry the rules of ethics and profession.	4			
5	To have skills to approach critically and creativly on the legal and social problems in terms of rule of law and ideal of justice.	3			
6	To have skills to understand the differences between the theory and practice of private and public law.	3			
7	To be able to comprehend the importance of lifelong learning and to analyze legal, social, cultural and similar events and developments in the world, country, region and local and to be	5			
8	To have the skills to conduct disciplinary and interdisciplinary research and study.	5			
9	To grow up with the moral and ethical rules required by business life and to be able to use them effectively in the future.	4			
10	To have skills to use vocational information technologies efficiently in solving legal problems.	4			

LECTUTER(S)					
Prepared by					
Signature(s)					

Date:06.06.2024